### Andrew Johnson, AUTHOR OF THE HOMESTEAD.

"I set out on this ground, which I suppose to be selfevident, that the earth belongs, in usufruct, to the living."-THOMAS JEFFERSON.

To affird every American citizen of enterprise the opportunity of scenning an independent freehold, it seems to me best to abrandon the idea of raising a fu-JACKSON.

FOR CONGRESS, SAMUEL P. ALLISON, of Davidson,

Election Day -Thursday, August 1th.

AFFAIRS IN WASHINGTON.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD. Foreign Poetal Arrangements - The California and Salt Luke Mail Contract - Appointment of Mr. Meade as Minister to Chili, and Mr. Angel to a Consulship-The New

Fork Post Office, etc. Washington, April 27-10 P. M. The Post Office Department has received information of certain regulations established by the German Austrian Postal Union, requiring slight modifications of the instructions contained in the postal tables of the 13th October last, relative to the United States and Prussian closed mail. The changes are, that the postage on letters by said closed mail to China, the East Indies, and to countries beyond the East Indies, is required to be prepaid, instead of pre-payment being optional. To the Papal States the single rate of postage is thirty-five cents, prepayment optional, being the full postage to destination. To the kingdom of the Two Sicillies, and to Italy-except Bombardy, Modena, Parma, Tuscany, and the Papal States-the rate required to be Frussian closed mail, it is remarked that in many instances letters which should come in this mail, particularly from the southern part of Germany, are received in the open mail, generally via France, of postage, and it is suggested that writers would aid greatly toward correcting this irregularity by requesting their correspondents in Germany to inform themselves as to the correct rates of postage, and to mark their letters especially to be forwarded in the "Prussian closed mail via Ostend and London." It is to be observed, also, that a pre-payment in either country of less than the combined rate of thirty cents on a letter goes for nothing. The statement about the revocation of the "Cali-

fornia Mail Contract," as it was termed, has been ridiculously blundered. The facts are, Messrs. Woodward and Chorpenning held a contract for car-Salt Lake-compensation fourteen thousand dollars a year. In consequence of complaints of mail failures, Mr. Hubbard, late Postmaster General, took the service from them and gave it to W. L. Blanchard, at fifty thousand dollars a year. The only apparent reason for this enormous increase of pay is the insertion of a clause providing, in vague terms, for the establishment of a military post. As the Post Office Department has not yet assumed the uties of the War Department, the value of the clause can readily be estimated. It has recently come to light that the failures of the mail under the former contract arose from the trifling fact that one of the contractors was shot whilst in the discharge of the duty. Upon these facts being ascertained, Judge Campbell very properly rescinded the con-tract with Blanchard, and revived the former contract with the surviving contractor, thus doing jus tice, and saving a large sum of money besides.

A recent despatch, stating that Mr A. Birdsall is an applicant for the post of Consul at Valparaiso, is utterly without foundation in fact. His name has never been presented to the President in connection with that office, nor is he a candidate for it.

Richard K. Meade, of Virginia, was appointed today Minister to Chili, vice Mr. Peyton, removed. Also, Mr. Angel, of New York, a Barnburner, to a consulship. A great many rumors of other appointments are flying about, but they are not reliable. Mr. Meade's appointment is not considered by the Virginians from Accomack a wise selection, but I a ink it a very judicious one.

It is stated that quite an exciting discussion took place in the cabinet to-day, upon our Indian relations, probably including a review of Gov. Lane's recent belligerent demonstration.

The New York Post Office appointments will be X, Y, Z, taken up to-morrow.

The Foreign Appointments-The Prospects of Mr. Dix for

France-The Albany Post Office, etc. Washington, April 27-Midnight. The cabinet have had a long and heavy day's work upon the foreign catalogue to-day, but excepting Mr. Meade, of Virginia, for Chili, nothing positively is known, nor is it conveniently accessible to ascertain this evening. Rumor has it pretty confidently that Mr. Dix is appointed to France, which may be so, but we think it extremely doubtful. We have had good reasons for considering Mr. Wise, of Virginia, as having for some time been virtually decided upon for France, from the claims of his State and his own personal claims, dating particularly from the Baltimore Convention. Nor are we aware that Mr. Dix has signified any dissatisfaction with

his appointment as Subtreasurer. Governor Seymour has been working for Mr. Dillays, of Syracuse, for Brussels,

Nothing done upon the subject of the Albany postmaster, we understand. Secretary Marcy is said to be dead against Mr. Johnson, of the Argus, however, which, if so, places him in a critical situation. Hon. Richard Stanton, of Kentucky, is declared to be certain for Commissioner of Public Buildings.

The Gardner trial is coming to a focus, Judge Bronson has gone home.

THE COMING THOUSANDS,-Private letters from the Old World state that the movement towards the New is likely to prove extraordinary within the coming six months. It is estimated that some 200,000 men, women and children will leave England and Ireland, and that this vast army will be increased to nearly half a million by adventurers from Germany and other portions of Europe. A still further impulse is likely to be given to this living tide, by the strikes in the United States, and the extravagant reports that are published in foreign journals, as to the demand for labor and the high rates of wages in this country. What is likely to be the general effect? Let us imagine the accession of a population of half a million within the next six months, and of this aggregate, at least 100,000 laborers. The inquiry is well worth pursuing.—Philadelphia Enquirer.

CINCINNATI, Thursday, April 28, 1853 .- An indignation meeting was held last night with reference to the conduct of Mayor Snelbaker towards a Mr. Kirkland, on Sunday last. The Hall was densely crowded, and prominent citizens of all parties took part in the proceedings. A Committee of One Hundred was appointed to wait on the Mayor and request him to resign.

Later Texas advices have been received at New Orleans, but the news possesses little interest. Robert Corfe, a post office clerk at Springfield, has been arrested for purloining money from let-

Hon. E. M. Base is a candidate for Governor.

The prospects for the crops are very fine. A great celebration took place at Harrisburg, the occasion being the construction of the first five miles of railroad in the State.

The Indians continued their depredations on the frontier. - The Indianola Bulletin, of the 19th inst., has the

following about the Texas gold mines:

We have not much additional intelligence from the mines, but we learn that men are going out from all parts of the country.

Col. Todd, of Kentucky, (formerly Minister to Russia,) has returned from the mines. He states that he saw about two hundred men at work, apparently much encouraged at their success.

Some whig papers are now engaged in the dissussion of the question whether Case, the defaulting United States Collector at Sandusky, was a "Silver Grey" or "Wooly Head" Whig. There may be some doubt as to which of these divisions of the party he belongs, but it is pretty certain that he is a Galphin Whig.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

# NASHVILLE, TENN.

JOHN L. MARLING, EDITOR.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 5, 1853.

\* "THE TRUE STATE OF THE CASE." Our whig neighbors are dreadfully distressed about the democratic nomination. It don't suit them exactly, and it is suspected that it don't suit their candidate any better. Any body else would ture revenue out of the public bands."-ANDREW suit the whig leaders of Tennessee infinitely better than Annaew Jourson. They are evidently frightened at the prospect of a canvass with him. He has too much good capital to run on-has served the people too long and well-and is withal too faithful and fearless to suit our opponents precisely. We dare say they would like to see him off the track. They are evidently laboring to produce a fa's: impression upon his mind in regard to the manner of his nomination; hoping, perhaps, thus to get rid of an opponent whom they fear to incet.

If we know anything of the character of Mr. Johnson, he is not so easily worked upon as his oppopents imagine. He has went through the "flint mills" in his time, and is perfectly cognizant of all the trickery and misrepresentations which will be resorted to against him. He is not the man to give way to such opposition. He did not seek the nomination of the democratic convention. He was more than willing to see that honor fall upon some one of the other distinguished men in the State.-But having received the nomination-having received it, too, unanimously, without seeking it, the small trickery of his enemies cannot force him to decline it. Gentlemen, rest satisfied of this. Pat prepaid is thirty cents, being the United States and Prussian postage only. With reference to the go it. Tell him there is no use trembling so. He go it. Tell him there is no use trembling so. He is in this time, sure, and there is no help for it .-Make him stand the fire. Don't fancy you can force his opponent from the field by any of your shalthus rendering them subject to much higher rates low devices. Jourson has got more penetration in a minute than you will have for the balance of your natural lives. Be assured that he will not decline, just because you are so badly frightened. He will only be amused at your perturbation. "Cease, vipers, you gnaw a file."

> In the Banner, of yesterday, we find the following paragraph:

"We can readily understand how, upon a very slight hint from Washington, Mr. Ewing from proper feelings of self-respect, pride or delicacy, would rying a mail between Sacramento, California and at once decide upon not permitting his name to be used in competition with that of Mr. Johnson, or any other gentleman of the party in this State whom the "powers that be," at Washington, should see fit to express a preference for, as their candidate for the gubernatorial chair of Tennessee."

The Banner says this, in the face of Mr. Ewing's declaration that he had declined the use of his name in connection with the nomination, before he received any letter from Washington on the subject. Mr. Ewing was in favor of Mr. Jounson's nomination from the first, and so declared himself again and again. The letter he received from Washington, and to which the Banner refers as evidence of Washington dictation, was written by the Hon. George W. Jones, a citizen of our own State, who naturally felt a great interest in the action of the party here. It was a letter from one friend to another, intended merely as the exp. ession of private opinion for the general good of the party, and long before its receipt Mr. Ewing had refused to his friends the use of his name. He was not influenced by any "feeling of self-respect, pride, or delicacy," as to an intimation from "the powers that be" at Washington, in taking this course, and the Banner does him great injustice in making such an insinuation. Mr. Jones' letter merely stated reasens why Mr. Jourson should be the nominee. The idea of predicating upon such a letter the charge of "Washington dictation" is ridiculous, and would never have been thought of except by the editor of the Banner, whose peculiar hobby it was in former years. Our neighbor rode this hobby to death years ago, and now, for lack of something else, he has resurrected its ghost to frighten old women and children with. If he don't dismount soon, we will christen him "Death on the Pale Horse,"

# MAJ, HENRY'S ACCEPTANCE,

The Banner and True Whig of yesterday contained Major Henry's acceptance of the whig nomination. We would like to publish the correspondence but are pressed for space this morning.

The Mississippi, the Missouri, and Illinois were all rising very rapidly a few days ago. In many places they were out of the banks. Large quantities of corn were arriving at St. Louis from the Illinois river, as the water was getting into the

MR. THACKERAY .- The Richmond Mail, in noticing the departure of this distinguished author, says: "We are pleased to learn from good authority that Mr. THACKERAY'S visit to the Southern States impressed him with a very different opinion of our institutions from that expressed by the prince of snobs, Charles Dickens.

Solid Men or Boston .- One hundred and sixtyfour individuals and firms in Boston, pay taxes on an assessment of upwards of \$100,000 and less than \$200,000; forty-six on \$200,000 and over; sixteen on \$300,000 and over; ten on \$400,000; twenty on upwards of half a million.

OBITUARY.-Mrs. MARY L. RANDOLPH CUSTIS, wife of George Washington Parke Custis, died at the family residence at Arlington, on the Potomac river, in sight of the National Capital. Mrs. Cus-TIS was descended from the widely known RAN-DOLPH family. She died at the advanced age of 70 years, leaving an only child, Mrs. Lee, wife of Col. ROBERT E. LEE of the Army, and son of Gen. HEN-RY LEE of Revolutionary memory. The husband of the deceased is the grandson of. Mrs. Washington, and was thus intimately acquainted with the "Fa-

ther of his Country." THE BONAPARTES IN AMERICA.—The Emperor of France has extended an invitation to the Bonaparte family of Baltimore to pay a visit to the Imperial dominions. Young Jerome Bonaparte, who now belongs to the United States Army, has obtained leave of absence for six months, and will soon leave for France. He is a grandson of the

brother of Louis Napoleon the First. Some anonymous writer pith ly remarks, that "if all the world were conservative, society would be like a long train of cars without an engine, and if every body were radical, it would be like a train of engines without cars, rushing furiously ahead, bound for progress as long as the track holds out."

The question, who owns Lake Michigan has sprung up in the Illinois courts. The persons owning land along the shore of the lake claim to the middle of the lake, while a railroad company that wishes to run a road along the shore claims that all outside of high-water mark belongs to the

Dr. Scorr served up a fine mess of green peas on yesterday at the Inn. They were from the garden of Dr. LYMAN T. GUNN, near this city. The Doctor always has the rarest luxuries of the market

[FROM THE NEW YORK TIMES.] FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE LOSS OF THE STEAMSHIP INDEPENDENCE.

So great has been the anxiety weighing upon the public mind, regarding the fate of the unfortunate | bay. They also carried across a small cannon, pro-Independence, that it was almost a relief, although a mournful one, to learn the particulars of her mis- by chance, was brought ashore; there was sufficient tap; to know she had not gone down with all on to fire the piece twice; whereby they attracted the board, but that some were saved to tell the story of attention of those on board the whaleships, which their disaster. We have conversed with several of were lying some twelve miles off. the surviving passengers, and have gathered various | The Captains of these vessels immediately desdetails that will prove interesting; these we place before the public as they were given, without comment, but in the belief that the simple parrative of | and distributed among the different vessels, aboard an eye witness to the horrors of the scene must be of which they remained fifteen days; the Meteor the best medium of communication. The Independ- was then chartered, and all went aboard except ence, as all who had to do with her will remember, was never a favorite ship; in the present instance it is stated that most of the passengers went on board | Islands. at San Juan with a species of anxiety, resulting | Many acts of individual courage were performed, from the appearance of the steamer and apparent | many that probably will never come to light. One neapacity, in point of size, to accommodate so many gentleman, after reaching the shore uninjured, human beings without a prospect of some casualty. Our informant observed, that it was the opinion of nine-tenths of the passengers that the chances were | return to a danger once passed except the noble deagainst their reaching San Francisco. The ship was crowded: so much so, that many were without berths and obliged to sleep on deck: with the erew and fourteen who came on board at Acapulco, we understand there were four hundred and fourteen the smoke,

The morning of the 16th March was clear, the atmosphere pure and transparent: the vessel struck | many as 159 persons, exclusive of children, were at about 5 o'clock, while the decks were yet strewn lost. Seventeen children and fifteen females perwith sleeping passengers. The spot where the ished. hipwreck occurred, with many particulars, is given in Capt. Sampson's account Our narrative shall consist of only such facts as have not as yet been

Immediately after the vessel touched, most of the passengers came on deck; the rocks were distinctly isible, reaching about two feet above water and about a quarter of a mile from the beach; the surf was high, and a series of breakers stretched along the beach, dashing over the rocks with violence .-Immediately upon striking, the Captain gave orders to back; the engines were reversed, and the ship glided into deep water, they then ran forward about two miles, when the water was found to be rushing in with fearful rapidity. At this time there was steerage passengers were quiet, and the ladies behaved remarkably well. Men were stationed with buckets to keep the water down; it gained rapid-Capt. Steene, a passenger, then advised Capt.

Sampson to beach her, which was done; as soon as she struck the engines stopped working, there was a very high surf between the vessel and the beach, rendering communication with the shore apparent ly perilons. The passengers were orderly enough until the fire broke out; they saw the smoke coming up from below, and some asked the Capt, and crew if the ship was on fire; they answered no, and that there was no danger. They believed themselves safe, even as to the preservation of their baggage, and so great was this feeling of security, that some of the ladies remained in bed. When the flames began to burst forth, and the alarm of fire was sounded, confusion and fright began to reign, men seemed deprived of reason by excess of terror, her and were thrown in safety upon the beach.-Another boat was started under the guidance of Capt. Steene; this succeeded in reaching the shore

The flames now began to rage with redoubled violence, the wind driving the smoke aft, so that most of the passengers congregated about the bows; a scene of terror, confusion and suspense ensued which baffles description; many were so frightened that they made scarce any effort to swim, but went down without a struggle; others, cast back and forward by the powerful surf, battered and bruised against the rocks, gave up the fight and sank from sheer exhaustion. Most of the passengers had assembled upon the bows to escape the driving ames and suffocating smoke; a group of nine renained upon the poop until driven to the water by the heat; one of their number, seized with a sudden panic, leaped overboard to a floating spar, missed it and was drowned; the others acting more deliberately, reached the shore. But few were saved by the boats-but two boat-loads, we understand; most of those who were saved floated ashore upon the spars, benches, and other articles thrown overboard. Many of the ladies were saved by the buoyancy of their inflated clothing, which enabled them to float

The following act of devotion, and its unfortu-nate result, is sad to relate: A Mr. Taylor swain to the shore with his child upon his back, and placed the infant in safety upon the bank; then, through the masses of wreck, through floating spars and struggling swimmers, he made his way back to where he had left his wife clinging, in the water, to the rudder post. He bore her also to the beach, but she had been so much bruised by being repentedly dashed against the ship's bottom by the heavy waves, that she did not survive to bless her husband for his devotion. She died on board the Me-

Mr. Saunders, and four others, floated three miles out to sea, upon a hen-coop. They were picked up by Capt. Sampson, who went to their relief in a boat. The water was chillingly cold, and they were completely exhausted and benumbed with clinging, beneath its surface for several hours, to their frail raft. It is supposed that many floated out to sea and were lost, as the tide was on the ebb. -There was an eddy at the bow, and some were drowned by being drawn under by the suction of the sail that had been passed beneath.

There were four boats in all, three of which were of iron; they were capable of holding ten persons each. A gentleman, whose name we did not learn, attempted to swim ashore with his child upon his back, and supporting his wife with a handkerchief to which she clung; she was torn away, but managed to cling to a rope, while he proceeded and saved the child. He then returned to his wife, and they both started again. Just then a person jumped from the ship, and falling, struck the lady upon the head; she was stunned, and immediately sank, despite her husband's efforts; the latter floated to sea upon a spar; he was an Englishman, and a good swimmer, but was exhausted with his efforts; he was about to let go in despair, when a fellow passenger hard by cried out to him to hold, a boat was coming. He-did so, and was saved.

A great number of passengers sustained themelves in the water by clinging to the cable stretched to the shore. This cable was suddenly slackened, letting the unfortunates down into the water .-Many were drowned by this, including several ladies; but few were saved by clinging to the rope.

Capt. Sampson and Dr. Watch, a passenger on board, threw over doors, trunks, and other articles to the swimmers. Many of those in the water were continually crying, shricking, and praying, rendering the spectacle piteous in the extreme. The Captain behaved with presence of mind and

most of the crew left early. Those who first reached

the shore did all that lay in their power to assist the others. The steward, James Harrison, among others, was indefatigable in his exertions. As the swimmers approached the shore, planks were thrown out to them, and those that had regained a little strength waded out into the surf to lend a helping hand to their comrades; many, as they came in, fell exhausted upon the sand, where they lay motionless for half an hour, completely prostrated with extreme exertion. The ladies displayed the utmost kindness and consideration; they tended upon the sufferers, supplied them from the

terly naked to the land,) and made canvass shoes to

protect their feet while travelling the island in search of succor: They remained on the island three days and two nights, during which time they suffered much from lack of water; several water casks floated ashore. but the liquid they contained was so impregnated with salt as to be useless. On Thursday they obtained a barrel of molasses and another of vinegar; they mixed the two, and it answered the purpose of quenching their thirst. Afterwards they managed to drill a hole into a rock with spikes, which furnished a scant supply of brackish water, which they sucked through quills. Eight miles inland some more water was discovered, and several went thither in search of it. The island is barren and des-

titute of all vegitation except a species of prickley

T Service of the Wart Magazine greet

pears, several coyotes were seen but no other signs

About fifty of the passengers carried one of the ship's boats, weighing about a ton, across the land on their shoulders, and launched her in Marguerita curred from the wreck, and a little powder, which,

some twenty, including several ladies, who preferred to proceed in another ship to the Sandwich

swam out to the wreck and brought off a child; he had no family on board-nothing to tempt him to sire to preserve human life. Another threw his three children overboard and followed after them —they were all drowned. It is supposed that three or four perished in the flames or were suffocated in

The ship was burnt to the water's edge. It has been stated by several of the passengers that as

> FROM THE MEMPHIS APPRAL. LETTER FROM HON, F. P. STANTON.

The following communication from Hen. F. P. Stanton has been handed us for publication. Notwithstanding Mr, Stanton's expressed determination two years ago not again to become a caudidate for Congress, we are aware that many of his old friends and admirers have been confidently looking forward with the hope and belief that he would permit his name once more to be used. By these-and we know that their name is legion-his card of withdrawal will be read with profound regret. We do not infer, nowever, from anything in Mr. Stanton's communication, that he would not much excitement or confusion on board; the refuse the nomination, if conferred upon him. He, even against his expressed wishes, however, earnestly asks that his name may not go before the convention; and it is a question for the decision of ly, however, and its pressure forced open the fur- the Democracy of the District, whether they are willing to grant him the favor he asks, or once more to demand his services in the field of politi-

> Мемрия, April 27, 1853. GENTLEMEN: -As the time approaches for the meeting of the nominating convention of this Congressional District, I am in receipt of so many inquiries and solicitations from my old friends and supporters, that I must ask the privilege t once to respond to them all through your columns.

I had not before deemed it necessary to do this, because, in my public speeches two years ago, I distinctly declared my intention not again to place myself before the people for election. At that time the Democrats confidently anticipated success in the State, and no one anticipated such a change as and leaped into the sea, where they buffeted the the Legislature has since made in the form and powaves frantically, and then went down like lead .- | litical character of the District. My determination The first boat that was sent to communicate by line | was, therefore, independent of the circumstance to which it might now very naturally be attributed. For ten years successively, I have borne the bur-

den of contest in the old district, besides engaging actively in the three Presidential elections which have intervened. In all these contests and during the whole eight years of my service in Congress, the people have extended to me a generous confidence, allowing me that liberty of thought and ac tion, without which I would be unwilling to occupy any position. These circumstances have excited in my bosom warmer feelings towards my democratic friends than it is in my power to express, and would prevent me from, at any time, refusing to serve them in any field in which they should demand my services. They have overlooked minor differences of opinion, leaving me that independence which I prize so much, and have borne me to victory in four well contested elections. No fear of defeat and disaster would induce me to desert them at any hour when my exertions may be deemed important.

But I cannot believe that at the present juncture there can be any thing of peculiar value in my services. The new administration has commenced its course with promise of unexampled popularity and brilliant success. The next Congress will be largely Democratic in both branches, and although there are great public interests connected with the peculiar position of this Congressional District, I do not think my success in promoting their interests, warrants the belief that I would be more serviceable than others who might be selected.

From these considerations, as well as from the desire to pursue my private interests, which have been much deranged by my public service, I feel it incumbent upon me to retire from the political field and leave the labors and honors of the combat to other men. Confident that others will be selected, quite as acceptable to the people, and perhaps capable of being far more useful. I ask that my name may not be presented to the Convention. I am, Very Respectfully,

Your obedient servant, FRED. P. STANTON.

Sparra, Tenn., May 2, 1853. Elitor of the Union : If Levander Pope will consent to be a candidate for Congress, in this district, he may expect the support of MANY VOTERS.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.] Washington, April 26.—Alexander W. Buel, of Michigan, for Berlin, (a protege of Gen. Cass,) is considered pretty certain

George Sanders, it has been rumored for several days, is a candidate for the London consulate, though his friends are fearful of the Premier. It is the last card of young America.

Richard Stanton, of Kentucky, member of the last Congress, is here, pushing for Commissioner of Public Buildings-two thousand a year.

FATAL AFFRAY.-We learn, verbally, that a difficulty took place the other day over in the edge of Lincoln, between a man by the name of Richardson, and his Son-in-Law, Bartlett. It seems that they differed about some pigs-got to fighting, and in the engagement Bartlett struck Richardson a blow on the head, fracturing his skull. In return Richardson stabbed Bartlett with a knife, and it is

reported that they have both since died of their

wounds.—Shelbyville Expositor. At a meeting of the Stockholders of the United Firemen's Insurance Company on last Monday the following gentlemen were elected a Board of Directors: Messrs. J. W. MARTIN, W. A. GLENN, W. STOCKELL, ANDREW ANDERSON, GEO. THOMPSON. GEO. W. CUNNINGHAM, J. W McCombs and T. H. courage; he was the last man to leave the ship; HUNDLEY. Col. A.W. JOHNSON was re-elected President, and John S. Dashiell, Esq., elected Secre-

> The Directors declared a dividend of five per cent upon the business of the company for the last seven

MOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.—The Assessment Roll having been completed and delivered to me, will ain in my office in the City Hall for the inspection of Tax Payers, for ten days. All who wish to examine the Roll will please call within that time, and if no correction is made by appeal to the Mayor, the same will be considered final scanty wardrobes they had saved with articles of and correct. may 5. clothing (for many of the poor wretches came ut-

SOIREES MAGIQUES AT THE ADELPHI THEATRE. LAST FOUR NIGHTS OF

MACALLISTER. THE GREAT MAGICIAN. NOSE AMPUTATION! EDNESDAY, May 4th, 1853.—Immense Attractions! The cast Wonder of the world, Macallister's IN-FERNAL TEAPOT! for the first time here.

Second sight! Grande Feat d'Escamotage!—Feacock!—
Flying Cupid—Mystic Portfolio—Nose Amputation—Magie
Couldron—Enchanted Plume, and a long list of

For particulars see small bills. Doors open at 1/2 past 7. Curtain will rise at 8 o'clock. Box Office open daily from 10 A. M. to I r. M., and from 2 until 5 o'clock. Boxes and Parquette 75 cents, upper boxes 50 cents, col-red Gallery 25 cents.

Extraordinary Wonders!

Feel W. B. Palmer, the American Newspaper Agent, is the only authorized Agent for this paper in the cities of Boston, New York and Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates as required by us. His receipts will be regarded as payments. His offices are -Boston, Scollay's Building; New York, Tribune Buildings; Philadelphia, N. W. corner Third and Chestant stream.

Chestnut streets. Parvin & Monroe, General Newspaper Agents, No. 35, Walnut street, are authorized agents for the Nash-

## COMMERCIAL.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

" NASHVILLE, May 5. The weather during the week has been excellent for the

growing crops, and vegetation from all accounts, is prospering finely in all departments. The river has been slowly receding, and there are now about 5 feet on the shoals - not enough for the large class

Business has been dull in all departments. Corrox-The sales of the week have been exceedingly

light, as also have been the receipts. Our quotations, as follows, are the same as last week, with the exception of infa-

Ordinary 7 60 80 Middling 8 14 60 8 5 Good Middling 9 60 9 3 Yesterday only about 18 bales sold at 6 1/2 a 9 3. The receipts of the week amount to 243 bales, against 1306 for the same time last year; decrease this year 1063 Total receipts since September 1st......39,078 

Decrease this year..... 9,612 Touacco-The sales of the week have been small, the bulk of the crop has passed through to market, Prices remain unchanged, ranging from \$4 00 to \$6 00. GROCERIES.—The trade is dull, as usual at this senson of

the year. Prices are unchanged. For particulars we refer to our price current. STEAMBOAT REGISTER.

ARRIVED 4, Monticello, Waitesboro'; L. L. Linu, St. DEPARTED .- f, Monticello, Clarksville, Senator, do.

### River falling-five feet on the shouls. DAN RICE'S



The Most Stupendous Concern in the World. WILL EXHIBIT IN NASHVILLE, on Market Street, on THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, May

Rice has succeeded in thoroughy organizing this extensive establishment on a scale of unparalleled magnificence, and, anticipating an increase of patronage, offers his friends, instead of the ordinary Circus performance, a Hippodrome and Menagerie. The former combining features of the Circus and Gymnasium, Vocal and Terpsiohorean entertainments, military school of the manage by Mrs. Dan Rice, and the greatest stud of horses and ponies in the world, and the latter a Magnificent Collection of Animals and Birds, native and foreign, consisting of Leopards, Tigers, Tiger Cats, Panthers, Wolves, Black and Grizzly Bears, (one of the latter the largest ever seen this side of the Rocky Mountains,) Ostriches, Monkeys, Ourang outangs, and the remarkable Lusus Naturas, known as the wild Boy of Ceylon; The "Happy Family," and one of the most extraordinary ones ever collected, numbering over one thousand Beasts and Birds, native and foreign, liv ing together in perfect harmony; the celebrated Brahmin

In addition to these and many other attractions in this part of the establishment The Renowned Chinese Family, consisting of five persons, including the Royal Princess Pivon Teko, the most beautiful creature of her high class who ever escaped from the Celestial Empire, her feet being only two inches and a half in length, will appear and give Concerts, both vocal and instrumental, using their A Monkey and Pony Performance will be given at each exhibition, and Mr. GEORGE NUTTER, the Lion

Tamer, will enter the cage of the large and beautiful Bra-ZILLIAN TIGER, and those of several other ferocious Animals, Persons can visit the Menagerie without entering the Hipodrome, if so disposed. 2.8" Price to both is only fifty cents. Children and ser-

The newly designed and magnificent Pavillion is capable of seating five thousand persons comfortably C. H. CASTLE, Agent. This Company will perform at Dover Tuesday 17th and Clarksville Wednesday 18th.

FOR MEMPHIS-U.S. MAIL PACK-ET, CITY OF HUNTSVILLE, will leave Nashville, for Memphis, on Friday, at 6 o'clock, P. M. For freight or passage, apply at the U.S. Mail Office. may 5 A. L. DAVIS.

#### EXPRESS GOODS ARRIVAL, No. 5. AT THE PHILADELPHIA STORE, No. 18, PUBLIC SQUARE.

S EA GRASS SKIRTS, Parasolletts, Figured Lace, Window Curtains, Jaconet Edgings and Insertings, Artificial Flowers, Damask Table Cloths, Marseilles Skirts, Marseilles Counterpanes, Lawns at 8 cents per yard. Fine Morning Berages, Fine Morning Tissues, Rich Figured Albevines, Under-sleeves, &c. SOHN, HILLMAN & CO.

### FOR SALE: Hope Cotton Factory. PITTSBURJH, PENNSYLVANIA.

'HE subscriber being desirous of giving his whole attention to his Iron Works at New Castle, Pa., wishes to lispose of the Hope Corron Factory. This establishment enjoys an unrivaled reputation, and the Hope Yarus always find a market, in preference to any others not manufactured at Fittsburgh. The Mill contains a little over 8000 spindles. The machinery is all in perfect order, and now in active operation, having all the latest im-provements for making Yarns of the best quality at the

smallest expense. The property is bounded by the Allegheny River and Pennsylvania Canal, and consists of about five acres of ground, with the Cotton Factory buildings, machinery and twenty-five dwelling houses. I will dispose of it entire, or I will sell the machinery, and the ground and buildings I am prepared to sell on the most faborable terms, requir-ing but little cash, and giving very long time, and easy payments, on the balance.

To persons who contemplate engaging in the Cotton business in the West or South, this offers an opportunity seldom to be met with. The same amount of machinery could not now be supplied by manufacturers in less than twelve months, whitst thi could be removed and put into operation at once, with a reputation and line of custom already established, worth thousands to a Cotton Mill, and which it takes I would subscibe a large amount of the purchase money

as stock, in a Company that would conduct the business here without requiring my personal attention. The property, from its convenience for procuring materials, is admirably situated for the manufacture of Machinery, Locomotive Engines, &c. To a Company formed for this purpose, I would give the most liberal terms, and if desired, would also subscribe a large amount as stock. For further particulars, inquire of myself, or Mr. Morrison Foster, at my office in Pittsburgh. POLLARD McCORMICK,

may4-d w 1m B Florence Gazette, Huntsville Democrat, Columbus, Ga., Sentinel and South Carolinian, Columbia S, C. will 20py the above to the amount of \$5, and send bill to this office for payment. Send paper marked. RAHAM BREAD, Graham Bread for dispep-

T ties, can be had every other day at my4 R. & J. NIXON'S. W. M. PERKINS. W. B. CAMPBELL, S. P. WALKER

PEKKINS, CAMPBELL & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NEW ORLEANS. OPARTNERSHIP NOTICE .- W. B. CAMP-BELL, of Tennessee, having purchased the entire interest of W. S. Pickett of the house of Pickett, Perkins & Co., the business will be continued by Wm. M. Perkins, Samuel P. Walker and Wm. B. Campbell, under the style of Perkins, Campbell & Co., who will use the name of Pickett, Perkins & Co. in liquidation only. W. S. PICKETT,

WM. M. PERKINS. SAMUEL P. WALKER, WM. B. CAMPBELL.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11, 1863.—Referring to the above announcement from which it will be seen that the only change is the substitution of W. B. Campbell for Mr. Fickett, we respectfully tender to you our services as General

Commission Merchants, of this city.
Your servants,
april 80 PERKINS, CAMPBELL, & CO. DUTMAN AND HARPER'S MAGAZINE for May TOON & BUTLAND, maya No 44 Union street.

WINDOW GLASS.—250 boxes 8X10 Window Glass. 250 boxes 10X12 Window Glass—for sale by april 35 W. H. GORDON & CO. NAILS. 3000 kegs Shoenberger's Nails for sale by april 25 W. H. GOEDON & CO. W. H. GORDON & CO.

# SPECIAL NOTICES.

M'Lane's Vermifage. The effects of this truly extrawhich it has been tried No other medicine has ever produced such effects so instantaneously. It has only to be ad ministered, and relief follows as a matter of course. It has been used in the practice of the best physicians of our country, and by them been pronounced equal, if not superior to any medicine ever offered for the expulsion of worms. Read the following:-

George Maxwell, Augusta, O., has used it with great effect in his family, and has sold large quantities, which have giv-

en the highest satisfaction. J. H. Cutter, merchant, Louisville, administered a dose to his child, who discharged a quart of worms. He had tried

other Vermifuges in vain. D. J. & J. W. Cotton, Winchester, Ind., happened to get a lot from an agent, which was soon sold out, and proving highly efficacious, became very popular, and sold more rapidly than any other Vermifuge.

For sale at all the principal Drug Stores in Nashville and vicinity.

It is Universally Admited, 'That Dr. C. WILLIAMS' PULMONIC BAISAM OF WILD CHERRY AND WOOD IS APPEA, IS superceding all other medicines wherever it is introduced, and for the very best of reasons, because it is FAR SUPERIOR to them all in curing all diseases of the Benast and Luxes.

Try it and you will be fully convinced See Pamphlets, also advertisement in another column. may8-1m

The drooping girl new vigor shall sustain-

Bloom on the lip and circle in the vein. Female complaints always yield to the mild action of these

Pills. A child 6 months old may take DR SMITH'S Pills with safety-they neither sicken nor distress the most delieate. Those accessiomed to take them say they sleep soundly all night, the head becomes clear, the countenance changes to a flush of youth and beauty.

No nggo of dosing so much-Try one box of these (genuine) sugar Coated Pills; live regularly, and you will be glad you have taken this sensible advice. Sold every where in the United States.

Another Scientific Wonder! -Important to Dyspeptics.-Dr. J. S. Houghton's Pepsin, the True D.gestive Fluid or Gastrie Juice, prepared from Rennet, or the Fourth Stomuch of the Ox, after directions of Baron Leibeg, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. Honghton, M. D., Philadelphia. This is only a wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, undice, Liver Complaint, Constirpation and nahility, curing after nature's own method, by nature's own agent, the trasur. Inice. Pamphlets, containing scientific evidences of its value, furnished w, agent's gratis. See notice among the medical advertisements.

Cella's New Saloon. - Lunch Every Day .-This finished Establishment has Lunch set out every day at half-past ten o'clock. Cella's Saloon is a favorable resert to all who like to haveriate. He has the best of Liquors of all kinds; and the Lunch he spreads is enough to whet the appetite of an epicure. Polite and clever himself, I e has polite and elever assistants; and all who visit him once will be sure to call again.

An Ounce of Fact is worth a pound of theory and the swarms of conclusive facts that cluster around that incomparable preparation, Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia, establishing its value as a tonic and restorative, are such as would prevent incredulits' itself from questioning its efficacy. In all cases of disease of the stomach, whether acute or chronic it may be recommended for its soothing, cordial and renovating influence. - Dyspepsia, heartburn, loss of appetite, nausea, nervoue tremors relaxation, debility, &c., are relieved, by the Bitters in a very short space of time; and perseverance in their use never fails to work a thorough cure.

#### H. G. FARRELL'S CELEBRATED ARABIAN LINIMENT TRIUMPHANT OVER DISEASE.

WE DAILY HEAR of the most astonishing cures being effected by that great and popular medicine, the genuine H. G. FARRELL'S ARABIAN LINIMENT, and we can truly say, from our own knowledge, that no medicine ever discou ered has performed the same wonderful cures that it has bot in man and beast, and it is equally good for both, which makes it so truly valuable. It is, therefore, hailed by the suffering as the greatest blessing of the age, and no one would ever allow himself to be without this sovereign balm, who had once witnessed its magic power over disease, and its wonderful potency in relieving pain, however severe, in a few minutes' time. We earnestly desire you to call upon the agent, who will furnish you, free of charge, a small book containing, besides other valuable information, a large list of certificates from many of the most respectable persons, of cures effected by this celebrated medicine, which surely are enough to convince the most scepticle of its transcendent virtues. We notice several certificates of rheumatism cured after the patient had suffered everything but death for five to twenty years. Also cases of paralysis, or loss of the use of limbs, where the flesh had withered, leaving no bing appa ently but dried skin and bone, presenting so borrid a spectacle that their FRIENDS LOOKED UPON THEM AP-PALLED, while physicians pronounced them BEYOND ANY HUMAN EFFORT to relieve. It is the most eiffencious remedy known for burns, sprains, wounds, bruises, chilblains, neuralgia, tooth-ache, bites of insects and reptiles, sore throat, sore or weak eyes, tumors, sun pain, etc., ete; and is used with unbounded success in most of the ail ments of borses and cattle, such as sweeny, farey, squains, bruises, wounds, stiff neck and joints, lameness, swellings, galls or chafes, sore eyes, partial blindness, etc. If used in the beginning of fistula, poll-evil ringbone and spavin, it will invariably stop their further progress. Every family should keep this valuable medicine on hand, ready for any emergency.

Look aut for Counterfeits! The public are cautioned against another counterfeit, which has lately made its appearance, called W. B. Farrell's Arabian Limitnent, the most dangerous of all the counterteits, because his having the more of Farrell, many will buy it in good faith, without the knowledge that a counterfeit exists, and they will perhaps only discover their error when the spurious mixture has wrought its evil effects. The genuine article is manufactured only by H. G. Farrell,

Main street, Peoria, Illinois, to whom all applications for gencies must be addressed. Be sure you get it with she strers H. G. before Farrell's, thus—H. G. FARRELL'S— CARTWRIGHT & ARMSTRONG, and by regular authorized agents throughout the United 2-8" Price 25 and 50 cents, and \$1 per bottle. AGENTS WANTED in svery town, village and hamlet in the United States in which one is not already established.

ole inventor and proprietor, and whole sale druggist, No

Address H. G. Farrell as above, accompanied with good refencee as to character, respectfully, &c. d&w R. W. BROWN, ATTORNEY AT LAW Office, Up Stairs, No. 68, Cherry Street. William connection with the practice of LAW, abstract, as Agent for the purchase and sale of Real Estate, Renting and Leasing Farms, Houses and Lots, &c.

PERKINS & CLACK, WHOLESALE GROCERS. Commission and Forwarding Merchants, Cotton and Tobacco Factors, Corner of College and Caurch streets, Nashville.

COFFEE—200 bags Rio; 50 bags Havana; 50 do Laguyara; 50 do Java. CIGARS-20,000 Imp. Havana; 13,000 American; 100,0000 Cuba 6's and Melee Cigars; CANDLES-200 Joxes Sperm and Star; 200 boxes Stering an Tallow; COTTON YARNS—A lot of assorted Nos. Osnuburs, superior quality at manufacturers prices; FRUITS-100 bxs Raisins, assorted sizes; 50 drums Figs;

50 frails Almonds; 20 bbls P barrels and ha'f barrels Mackerel; 20 bbls Pecans; 75 Kits Mackerel; 12 cases Sardines; FLOUR—200 bbls Galligo; 175 Cincinnati; 75 de St. Louis (Harrison's;) GLASS-300 boxes Window, all sizes; 125 do Qt., Pt., and 1/4 Pt. Flasks; 75 do Fint Tumb ers and Goblets;

60 do Squatt and Cap Jars;

IRON-Tennessee and Pittsburg, assorted sizes, LIQUORS-15 cases London Porter-quarts and pints; 10 cases Scotch Ale 75 barrels American and French Brandy:

90 Demijons, five and three gallons;

95 do Apple and Peach "
400 do Whisky, various brands;
50 do Holland Gin; 25 do N. E. Rum;
25 do Wine, various kinds; 100 do Cider Vinegar; MOLASSES—150 bbls and ⅓ bbls rebeiled and S. House; 75 bbls St Louis and N O Golden Syrup; NAILS-150 kegs Pittsburgh, assorted sizes; 150 do Wheeling, " "

PICKLES-15 cases choice asserted Pickles; 10 cases Tomatoe Catsup; SUGAR-100 hhds Louisiana Sugar; 100 bbls St. Louis and Philadelphia Crushed and Pulverised; 25 do Loaf (Lovering's;) SPICES-10 bags Allspice; 15 do Pepper;

10 do Ginger, Race and groun SALT-200 bbls Kanawha; 250 sacks fine and coase; 135 sacks Dairy and 75 boxes table salt; SOAP-100 boxes bar; 50 do SEEDS-45 barrels Millet Seed; TEAS-20 cases-various brands; 50 do Fancy Soap;

TOBACCO—50 boxes Chewing, assorted brands;
25 boxes Jenny Lind, superior article;
SUNDRIES—Indigo, Copperas, Madder, Ohve Oil, Lead,
Powder, Shot, Salarratus, Soda, Axes, Chains,
Painted Buckets, &c., &c.
For sale low for each by PERKINS & CLACK. Liberal advances on consignments, WANTED-100,000 lbs of clear washed Wool;

100,000 lbs Bacon and Lard; Dried Fruit, Feathers, Beeswax, Tallow and Ginseng. For which we will pay liberal prices in cash or Groceries.

PERKINS & CLACK. T) LOUGHS. -100 No. 1 Peacock Ploughs-for sale by